# Financial Statements and Other Financial Information

# WorkNet Pinellas, Inc.

Years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 with Report of Independent Auditors



# Financial Statements and Other Financial Information

Years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

# **Contents**

Report of Independent Auditors	1
Financial Statements	
Statements of Financial Position	4
Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets	5
Statements of Functional Expenses	6
Statements of Cash Flows	7
Notes to Financial Statements	
Other Reports and Supplementary Information  Report of Independent Auditors on Internal Control Over Financial	
Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an	
Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	
Government Auditing Standards	19
Report of Independent Auditors on Compliance for Each Major	
Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance	
Required by the Uniform Guidance	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	24
Schedule of Findings and Ouestioned Costs	25



# Report of Independent Auditors

Board of Directors WorkNet Pinellas, Inc.

### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

# **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of WorkNet Pinellas, Inc. (the Organization) which comprise the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, the related statements of activities and changes in net assets, functional expenses, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of WorkNet Pinellas, Inc., as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (Government Auditing Standards). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Organization and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.



Page Two

# Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the consolidated financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.



Page Three

# Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited WorkNet Pinellas, Inc.'s 2021 financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those audited financial statements in our report dated January 14, 2022. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

# Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Organization's financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and the schedule of findings and questioned costs relating to federal awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 16, 2022 on our consideration of the Organization's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Organization's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Thomas Howell Ferguson P.A.

Tampa, Florida November 16, 2022

# Statements of Financial Position

	June 30,			
	2022	2021		
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,430,010	\$ 3,672,924		
Accounts receivable	3,025	32,591		
Grants receivable	366,644	100,846		
Prepaid expenses	49,373	75,016		
Total current assets	1,849,052	3,881,377		
Noncurrent assets:				
Restricted cash	137,238	206,830		
Property and equipment, net	8,854	31,623		
Total noncurrent assets	146,092	238,453		
Total assets	\$ <u>1,995,144</u>	\$ <u>4,119,830</u>		
Liabilities and net assets				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 633,551	\$ 822,856		
Unearned grant revenue	137,014	138,424		
Total current liabilities	770,565	961,280		
Net assets without donor restrictions	1,224,579	3,158,550		
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ <u>1,995,144</u>	\$ <u>4,119,830</u>		

# Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets

	Years ended June 30,			
		2022		2021
Revenues and support:				
Grants:				
Federal	\$	7,501,208	\$	8,075,590
Local		_		227,372
Other revenue	_	88,340		118,778
Total revenues and support	_	7,589,548		8,421,740
Expenses:				
Program services:				
Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act		3,399,739		3,699,063
Employment Services Programs		837,480		1,022,184
Supplemental Nutrition and Assistance		237,468		302,260
Trade Adjustment Assistance		38,137		111,512
Welfare Transition		1,910,396		1,793,139
Youthbuild		177,883		219,205
Other		487		227,372
Total program services	_	6,601,590	_	7,374,735
Supporting Services:				
General and administrative		2,929,701		994,761
Total expenses	_	9,531,291	_	8,369,496
Interest income	_	7,772		14,090
Change in net assets		(1,933,971)		66,334
Net assets at beginning of year	_	3,158,550	_	3,092,216
Net assets at end of year	\$ <u></u>	1,224,579	\$	3,158,550

# Statements of Functional Expenses

# Years ended June 30,

	2022					 2021	
		Program services		eneral and ninistrative		Total	 Total
Salaries	\$	2,071,606	\$	486,759	\$	2,558,365	\$ 2,740,401
Retirement		113,989		17,567		131,556	146,695
Payroll taxes and benefits		705,784		93,307		799,091	913,027
Staff training and education		42,600		5,846		48,446	11,435
Accounting and professional		89,780		238,591		328,371	162,281
Lobbying		-		35,245		35,245	15,270
Community outreach		36,786		292		37,078	16,745
License, dues, and other fees		24,254		6,551		30,805	30,407
Communications		83,285		8,461		91,746	95,528
Office expenses		161,099		15,647		176,746	355,402
Occupancy		337,424		39,617		377,041	375,498
Travel		16,535		3,749		20,284	3,499
Meetings and conferences		5,855		1,825		7,680	4,651
Other expense		748		9,852		10,600	22,949
Contract labor		554,547		45,317		599,864	503,049
Insurance		74,067		29,255		103,322	67,662
Service provider contracts		452,305		_		452,305	516,154
Customer training		1,826,311		10,676		1,836,987	2,362,825
Disallowed expenses		<u>-</u>		1,862,990		1,862,990	341
Depreciation and amortization		4,615		18,154		22,769	25,677
-	\$	6,601,590	\$	2,929,701	\$	9,531,291	\$ 8,369,496

# Statements of Cash Flows

		Years ended 2022	d Ju —	1 June 30, 2021		
Operating activities						
Change in net assets	\$	(1,933,971)	\$	66,334		
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash						
provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation		22,769		25,677		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:						
Accounts receivable		29,566		13,872		
Grants receivable		(265,798)		306,008		
Prepaid expenses		25,643		70,179		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(189,305)		(309,614)		
Deferred grant revenue	_	<u>(1,410</u> )		68,987		
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	_	(2,312,506)		241,443		
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(2,312,506)		241,443		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	_	3,879,754		3,638,311		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ <u></u>	1,567,248	\$	3,879,754		
Cash and cash equivalents consists of the following:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,430,010	\$	3,672,924		
Restricted cash	·	137,238		206,830		
	\$_	1,567,248	\$	3,879,754		

### Notes to Financial Statements

Years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

# 1. Nature of Operations and Significant Accounting Policies

WorkNet Pinellas, Inc. is a not-for-profit corporation that was established on March 2, 2001, under the provisions of the Florida Corporations Not-For-Profit Law set forth in Chapter 617 of the Florida Statutes. The Organization was created in accordance with the Florida Workforce Innovation Act of 2000 to serve as the administrative entity for programs of the Local Workforce Development Board in Pinellas County. This public-private partnership supports and promotes economic growth through workforce development. The Local Workforce Development Board (the Board) consists of representatives of education, labor, economic development, organizations identified as one stop partners, and other individuals as appointed by the Pinellas County Board of County Commissioners (the County). Effective February 10, 2014 and July 7, 2014, WorkNet Pinellas, Inc. (the Organization) began doing business as CareerSource Pinellas. The CareerSource Pinellas rebranding was in coordination with Florida's Workforce System to have a unified brand state-wide. The Board is one of twenty-four Local Workforce Development Boards in the State of Florida providing for the development, planning, monitoring and administration of the following grants and programs:

- Temporary Assistance for Needy Families
- Wagner Peyser
- Disabled Veterans Outreach Program
- Local Veterans Employment Representative Program
- Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) Adult, Youth, and Dislocated Worker
- National Emergency Grants
- Reemployment Services and Eligibility Assessment
- Unemployment Insurance
- Trade Adjustment Assistance
- Youthbuild
- Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Programs

Support and revenue are obtained primarily from federal grants. The Board is responsible for developing and implementing an area plan and subgranting funds to direct providers of services.

### **Basis of Accounting**

The Organization uses the accrual basis of accounting. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The significant accounting policies are described below.

### Notes to Financial Statements

### 1. Nature of Operations and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The financial statements and notes are representations of the Organization's management who is responsible for their integrity and objectivity. The accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and have been consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The financial statements are presented in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 958 dated August 2016, and the provisions of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) *Audit and Accounting Guide for Not-for-Profit Organizations* (the Guide). (ASC) 958-205 was effective January 1, 2018.

#### **Contributions and Restricted Net Assets**

Unconditional contributions are recognized when received and recorded as net assets without donor restrictions or with donor restrictions, depending on the existence and/or nature of the donor-imposed restrictions. Conditional promises to give are recognized when the conditions on which they depend are substantially met. Gifts of cash and other assets are reported with donor restricted support if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets. When a restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or a purpose restriction is accomplished, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions. Donor-restricted contributions whose restrictions are met in the same reporting period are reported as net assets without donor restriction support. Donations of property and equipment are recorded as support at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Contributions restricted for the acquisition of land, buildings, and equipment are reported as assets without donor restriction upon acquisition of the assets and the assets are placed in service.

The Organization historically does not receive contributions from donors. Primarily all of its funding is through grants, which must be expended on specified programs or activities. Cost reimbursement grants are recorded as revenue when the related expenses have been incurred. Other grants are recorded as support and revenue when earned. As of June 30, 2022 and 2021, all net assets of the Organization were without donor-imposed restrictions.

### Notes to Financial Statements

### 1. Nature of Operations and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### **Donated Services**

The Organization records donated services as revenues if either; (a) they create or enhance nonfinancial assets; or (b) they require specialized skills, are provided by individuals possessing those skills, and would typically need to be purchased if not provided by donation. There were no donated services recorded during the years ended June 30, 2022 or 2021.

#### **Fair Value Measurements**

The Organization applies the provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Boards (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, for fair value measurements of financial assets and liabilities that are recognized at fair value in the financial statements on a recurring basis. Topic 820 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or would be paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Topic 820 established a three-tier hierarchy to maximize the use of observable market data and minimize the use of unobservable inputs, and to establish classification of fair value measurements for disclosure purposes. Inputs refer broadly to the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability, including assumption about risk. Inputs may be observable or unobservable. Observable inputs are inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available.

At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the Organization had no assets or liabilities subject to disclosure of fair value measurements related to the valuation levels hierarchy provided in FASB Statement No. 157.

# **Measure of Operations**

The statements of activities reports all changes in net assets, including changes in net assets from operating and nonoperating activities. Operating activities consist of those items attributable to the Organization's ongoing activities. Non-operating activities are limited to resources that generate return from investments, endowment contributions, financing costs, and other activities considered to be of a more unusual or nonrecurring nature. There were no non-operating activities for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021.

### Notes to Financial Statements

### 1. Nature of Operations and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash consists of amounts on hand and amounts in demand deposits with financial institutions. Deposits with financial institutions are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000 per depositor. Bank deposits at times may exceed federally insured limits. The Organization has not experienced any losses in such accounts.

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the Organization considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash.

Cash designated to fund accrued paid time off is classified as restricted cash in the accompanying statement of financial position.

### **Accounts Receivable**

Accounts receivable represents amounts due from employer services agreement, service provider contract, insurance reimbursements, refunds and other miscellaneous customers. Based on historical collections, management believes all receivables are fully collectible.

# **Property and Equipment**

Property and equipment are recorded at cost, if purchased, or at estimated fair value at date of receipt if acquired by gift. Depreciation is recognized over the estimated useful lives of the assets of 3 to 7 years for equipment and vehicles; 5 years for leasehold improvements, and 15 years for building improvements using the straight-line method. All expenditures of property and equipment less than \$5,000 are expensed when purchased.

In the event of disposal of property and equipment acquired through expenditures of federal funds, the Organization may be required to return the property and equipment to the funding source or obtain its approval prior to disposal of the property and equipment. Additionally, the proceeds from any disposal of property and equipment may be required to be refunded to the respective funding source.

#### **Accrued Leave**

The Organization's employees are entitled to personal time off (PTO) which combines time off for personal, vacation, and sick leave. PTO is based on length of employment and other factors. PTO is accrued when earned. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, PTO of \$152,436 and \$210,722, respectively, is included as a component of accounts payable and accrued expenses in the statements of financial position.

### Notes to Financial Statements

### 1. Nature of Operations and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### **Retirement Plan**

The provision for pension costs is recorded on an annual basis. Pension costs are funded as they accrue.

#### **Income Taxes**

The Organization is a not-for-profit corporation under the laws of the state of Florida and is exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Internal Revenue Code provides for taxation of unrelated business income under certain circumstances. The Organization believes that it has no liability for taxes with respect to unrelated business income. However, such status is subject to final determination upon examination of the related income tax returns by the appropriate taxing authorities. As required by Internal Revenue Service regulations, the Organization annually files a Form 990, Return of Organization Exempt from Income Tax, with the Internal Revenue Service. With few exceptions, the Organization is no longer subject to examinations by major tax jurisdictions for years ended June 30, 2019, and prior.

The Organization follows Accounting Standards Codification Topic 740, *Income Taxes* (ASC 740). A component of this standard prescribes a recognition and measurement of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. For those benefits to be recognized, a tax position must be more-likely-than not to be sustained upon examination by taxing authorities. The Organization's policy is to recognize interest and penalties associated with tax positions under this standard as a component of tax expense, and none were recognized since there was no material impact of the application of this standard for the year ended June 30, 2022.

### **Revenue Recognition**

Revenues and the related expenses of cost-reimbursement grant programs are recognized as allowable costs incurred (when the performance obligation has been met). Federal grant advances are classified as unearned revenue until expended for the intended purpose. Grants receivable relates to support earned but not yet received from federal sources.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

### Notes to Financial Statements

# 1. Nature of Operations and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# **Functional Allocation of Expenses**

The cost of providing the Organization's various programs and other supporting services have been summarized on a functional basis in the statement of activities. Direct expenses are charged directly to the related program. Certain costs which are directly shared have been allocated to programs based upon the relative benefits received. Expenses that are not directly identifiable with a specific program are allocated as indirect costs to benefiting programs based upon the rate approved by the U.S. Department of Labor. When it is impractical to directly allocate expenses, costs may be charged to a cost pool and then distributed to the ultimate benefitting cost center through the application of an appropriate allocation method. Employees document their work activities through personnel activity reports. The data is compiled each pay period and is used in allocating costs by full-time employees. This data is also used in allocating costs for all cost pools.

#### **Subsequent Events**

The Organization has evaluated subsequent events through November 16, 2022, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. During the period from June 30, 2022 to November 16, 2022, the Organization did not have any material recognizable subsequent events.

#### Reclassification

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

### 2. Available Resources and Liquidity

The Organization manages its liquid assets in accordance with regular budgeting processes developed through the coordinated efforts of management and the Board of Directors. Reporting by management to those charged with governance ensures the results from operating activities are monitored closely.

The table below presents financial assets available for general expenditures within one year:

	June 30,			
		2022		2021
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,430,010	\$	3,672,924
Accounts receivable		3,025		32,591
Grants receivable	_	366,644		100,846
Financial assets available to meet general expenditures within one year	<b>\$_</b>	1,799,679	\$_	3,806,361

# Notes to Financial Statements

# 3. Grants Receivable

Grants receivable is comprised of the following:

	June 30,			
		2022		2021
Federal awards:		_		
U.S. Department of Health and Human				
Services				
Temporary Assistance to Needy Families	\$	164,277	\$	15,815
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program		9,444		5,981
U.S. Department of Labor				
Wagner Peyser		-		18,683
Disabled Veterans Outreach Program		311		3,758
Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act				,
(WIOA)				
COVID Dislocated Worker		-		22,634
WIOA Youth		164,024		2,702
WIOA Dislocated Worker		-		2,870
WIOA Apprenticeship Navigator		-		2,357
WIOA Soft Skills		-		6,446
Trade Adjustment Assistance		3,852		735
Recovery Navigator Project		7,031		-
Reemployment Services and Eligibility		ŕ		
Assessment		5,786		4,437
Youthbuild		11,919		14,428
	\$	366,644	\$	100,846

# 4. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consists of the following:

	June 30,				
		2022		2021	
Equipment	\$	130,698	\$	130,698	
Leasehold improvements		67,859		67,859	
Vehicles		47,403		47,403	
Total depreciable property and equipment		245,960		245,960	
Less: accumulated depreciation		237,106		214,337	
Total property and equipment, net	<b>\$</b>	8,854	\$	31,623	

Depreciation expense was approximately \$22,800 and \$25,700 for 2022 and 2021, respectively.

# Notes to Financial Statements

### 5. Unearned Grant Revenue

Unearned grant revenue is comprised of the following grant awards:

	June 30,			
		2022		2021
Federal Awards:				
U.S. Department of Labor				
Wagner Peyser	\$	37,158	\$	-
WIOA Adult		92,311		-
WIOA Apprenticeship Expansion		-		4,296
WIOA Dislocated Worker		-		129,931
Local Veterans Employment Representative		725		160
Rapid Response		6,820		-
Trade Adjustment Assistance		-		4,037
	<b>\$_</b>	137,014	\$	138,424

The following table provides significant changes in unearned revenue:

	June 30,			
		2022		2021
Unearned revenue, beginning of year	\$	138,424	\$	69,437
Net grant revenue (recognized) deferred		<u>(1,410</u> )		68,987
Unearned revenue, end of year	\$_	137,014	\$_	138,424

# 6. Operating Leases

The Organization leases facilities (workforce program offices and administrative office) and equipment (copiers and other office equipment) under cancelable and non-cancelable lease agreements. Pursuant to the original lease documents, the terms of the cancelable lease shall remain ongoing until cancelled by either party. The lessor or lessee shall have the right to terminate for any reason, without penalty, with one hundred eighty (180) days written notice.

Facility lease payments totaled \$254,856 net of sublease income for the year ending June 30, 2022. Equipment lease payments totaled \$36,829 for the year ending June 30, 2022. Minimum future lease payments under non-cancelable facility and equipment leases having remaining terms in excess of one year are as follows:

Year ended	
<u>June 30,</u>	
2023	\$ 162,100
2024	124,031
2025	124,031
2026	 93,023
	\$ 503,185

# Notes to Financial Statements

# 7. Employees Pension Plan

#### Retirement Plan

The Organization provides a 401(k) Plan (the Plan). The Plan may provide two types of employer contributions, a non-elective contribution (NEC) and a matching contribution to eligible participants. The NEC is provided to all eligible employees regardless if the employee contributes to the Plan and equals 5% of the employee's eligible earnings. The matching contribution is only provided to those employees who elect to contribute to the Plan. During 2022 and 2021, the Organization elected to provide the NEC but not the matching contributions. Employer contributions were \$131,556 and \$146,695 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

# Benefit Stipend

The Organization provides regular full-time employees with a benefit stipend that allows employees to purchase approved company offered health and welfare benefits of their choice. For 2021-2022, the Board approved stipend was \$12,580 per employee per year. The stipend totaled approximately \$498,589 and \$598,815 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

# 8. Reconciliation of Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Programs and the Statement of Activities to SERA

As required, the Organization regularly reconciles its financial records to the Subrecipient Enterprise Resource Application (SERA) which is maintained by the Florida Department of Economic Opportunity. As of June 30, 2022, no discrepancies were noted. Amounts expended on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and revenues and expenses on the statement of activities were determined in accordance with the accrual basis of accounting.

		2022		2021
Total federal expenditures/grant revenue	\$	7,501,208	\$	8,304,252
Funds received directly from funding sources not				
reported in SERA				
Youthbuild		(201,170)		(251,895)
Coronavirus Relief Fund	_	-	_	(227,372)
Total federal expenditures/grant revenue reported				
in SERA	<b>\$_</b>	7,300,038	\$_	7,824,985

# Notes to Financial Statements

#### 9. Grants

Costs charged to federal programs under cost-reimbursement grants are subject to government regulatory audits. Therefore, all such costs are subject to adjustment. Management believes that adjustments, if any, would not have a significant effect on the financial statements. The Organization receives a substantial amount of its support from federal agencies through various grants. Any significant reduction in the level of this support could have an effect on the Organization's programs.

# 10. Commitments and Contingencies

On May 15, 2019, the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration (ETA) issued its report on the "Compliance Review of CareerSource Tampa Bay and CareerSource Pinellas". In this report, the ETA documented seventeen findings regarding grant administration of Department of Labor Funds by the Florida Department of Economic Opportunity, CareerSource Tampa Bay and the Organization during the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018. Included in these findings were questioned costs of \$9,753,924 in WIOA funded on the job training payments, \$5,449,113 in supportive services cards issued to WIOA participants, \$2,031,866 in Business Service Staff incentives and \$408,487 in salary related payments. Of this total of \$17,643,410, approximately \$5,557,469 related to funds administered by the Organization.

The Florida Department of Economic Opportunity, the direct recipient of the U.S. Department of Labor funds, in cooperation with the two CareerSource agencies formally responded to the findings on June 28, 2019 and subsequently requested technical assistance from ETA to fully address and resolve the findings. The Organization identified approximately \$2.55 million in unrestricted funds that could be utilized to repay any final disallowed costs. Of the \$2.55 million, the Department of Labor determined the Organization owed \$1,862,990 to be repaid to the Department of Labor. The Organization repaid the full amount in April 12, 2022 and is currently evaluating if a portion of the repayment can be recovered through business insurance.

In 2021, the Florida House of Representatives passed the Reimagining Education and Career Help Act (REACH Act) to "address the evolving needs of Florida's economy by increasing the level of collaboration and cooperation among state businesses and education communities while improving training within and equity and access to a more integrated workforce and education system for all Floridians. Among its requirements, the REACH Act charges the State with reducing the number of local workforce development boards 'based on population size and commuting patterns." In response to the REACH act, the State hired Ernst & Young to perform a review of the 24 Florida workforce boards and make a recommendation on how to best align/consolidate the workforce boards. This review, which is expected to conclude in 2023, could result in the recommendation to consolidate workforce boards in such a way that the Organization could be merged with other WorkForce Boards.

# Notes to Financial Statements

### 11. Related Party Transactions

In accordance with applicable regulations, the Organization's Board of Directors includes representatives of private and public sector industries. During the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the Organization entered into contracts with certain private and public sector industries, with which board members are associated for the lease of premises and purpose of providing services to participants. Total payments for rent and providing services to participants during the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, were approximately \$558,000 and \$797,000, respectively, and accounts payable at June 30, 2022 and 2021, were approximately \$6,000 and \$25,000, respectively.

Other Reports and Supplementary Information



Report of Independent Auditors on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* 

Board of Directors WorkNet Pinellas, Inc.

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of WorkNet Pinellas, Inc. (the Organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2022, and the related statements of activities and changes in net assets, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 16, 2022.

# **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Organization's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify a deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2022-001.



Page Two

# **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Organization's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Thomas Howell Ferguson P.A.

Tampa, Florida November 16, 2022



Report of Independent Auditors on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Board of Directors WorkNet Pinellas, Inc.

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

# Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited WorkNet Pinellas, Inc.'s (the Organization) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Organization's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The Organization's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Organization complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

# Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Organization and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Organization's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.



Page Two

# Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Organization's federal programs.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Organization's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Organization's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Organization's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the Organization's internal control over compliance relevant to
  the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and
  to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform
  Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
  Organization's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.



# Page Three

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

# **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we did identify a deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2022-001.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Thomas Howell Ferguson P.A.

Tampa, Florida November 16, 2022

### Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

### Year ended June 30, 2022

Federal / State Agency, Pass Through entity, Federal Program	CFDA No.	Pass-Through Entity Award Number, Contract/Grant No.	Expenditures	Transfers to subrecipients
FEDERAL AWARDS				
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				
Passed through State of Florida, Department of Economic				
Opportunity:				
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	WTS21, WTS22	\$ 2,205,785	\$ 16,889
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			2,205,785	16,889
U.S. Department of Labor				
Passed through State of Florida, Department of Economic				
Opportunity:				
Employment Service Cluster				
Wagner Peyser	17.207	WPA21, WPA22, WPB21	687,716	14,473
Disabled Veterans Outreach Program	17.801	DVP21, DVP22	101,852	3,800
Local Veterans Employment Representative Program	17.801	LVR21, LVR22	25,997	682
Subtotal Employment Service Cluster			815,565	18,955
Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) Cluster				
WIOA - Adult	17.258	WIA21, WIA22, WIS20, WIS21	956,019	1,534
WIOA - Youth	17.259	WIY21, WIY22, WIS20, WIS21	999,609	410,302
WIOA - Dislocated Worker	17.278	WID21, WID22, WIS20, WIS21, WRS20, WIR22	1,419,477	2,796
Subtotal WIOA Cluster			3,375,105	414,632
National Emergency COVID 19	17.277	WNC20	299,251	
Reemployment Services and Eligibility Assessment	17.225	UCR20, UCR21	280,438	1,029
Trade Adjustment Assistance	17.245	TAT19, TAT20, TAC19, TAC20	42,680	273
Subtotal Department of Labor Passed through Department of	17.213	11117, 111120, 111017, 111020	12,000	275
Economic Opportunity			4,813,039	434,889
Youthbuild	17.274	YB32978	201,170	_
Subtotal Direct U.S. Department of Labor			201,170	
Total U.S. Department of Labor			5,014,209	434,889
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Passed through State of Florida, Department of Economic				
Opportunity:				
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	FSH21, FSH22	281,214	527
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			281,214	527
Total expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 7,501,208	\$ 452,305

Note 1 - This Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the Federal awards of WorkNet Pinellas, Inc. (the Organization) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because this schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Organization, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the Organization.

Note 2 - Expenditures reported on this Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note 3 - The Organization has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Relating to Federal Awards

Year ended June 30, 2022

#### Section I -- Summary of Auditor's Results

#### **Financial Statements**

Type of auditor's report issued:

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

No
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

No

#### Federal Awards

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs? Unmodified

Internal control over major federal programs:

Material weakness(es) identified? No Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weaknesses? No

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with

Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements,

Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)?

Identification of major programs:

CFDA Number Name of Federal Program

17.258, 17.259, 17.278 Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) Cluster

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low risk auditee?

#### Section II -- Financial Statement Findings

We noted no matters involving internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we considered to be material weaknesses, significant deficiencies and/or control deficiencies required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Section III -- Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

#### 2022-001 Internal Controls Over Compliance - Eligibility

Criteria: The Workforce Innovation & Opportunity Act (WIOA) requires that "training services be limited to individuals who are unable to obtain other grant assistance for such services, including Federal Pell Grants."

Condition: The test of the Organization's controls over compliance with eligibility compliance requirements resulted in one of 25 samples for which controls were not documented and as such could not be determined to be in place.

Questioned Costs: N/A

Effect: The Organization's risk for approving ineligible funding for individual assistance is increased.

Cause: The process for determining eligibility includes maintaining support for each compliance requirement for the applicant.

*Recommendation:* The Organization should implement review procedures to ensure that proper support is maintained to support the applicant's eligibility.

See report of independent auditors.